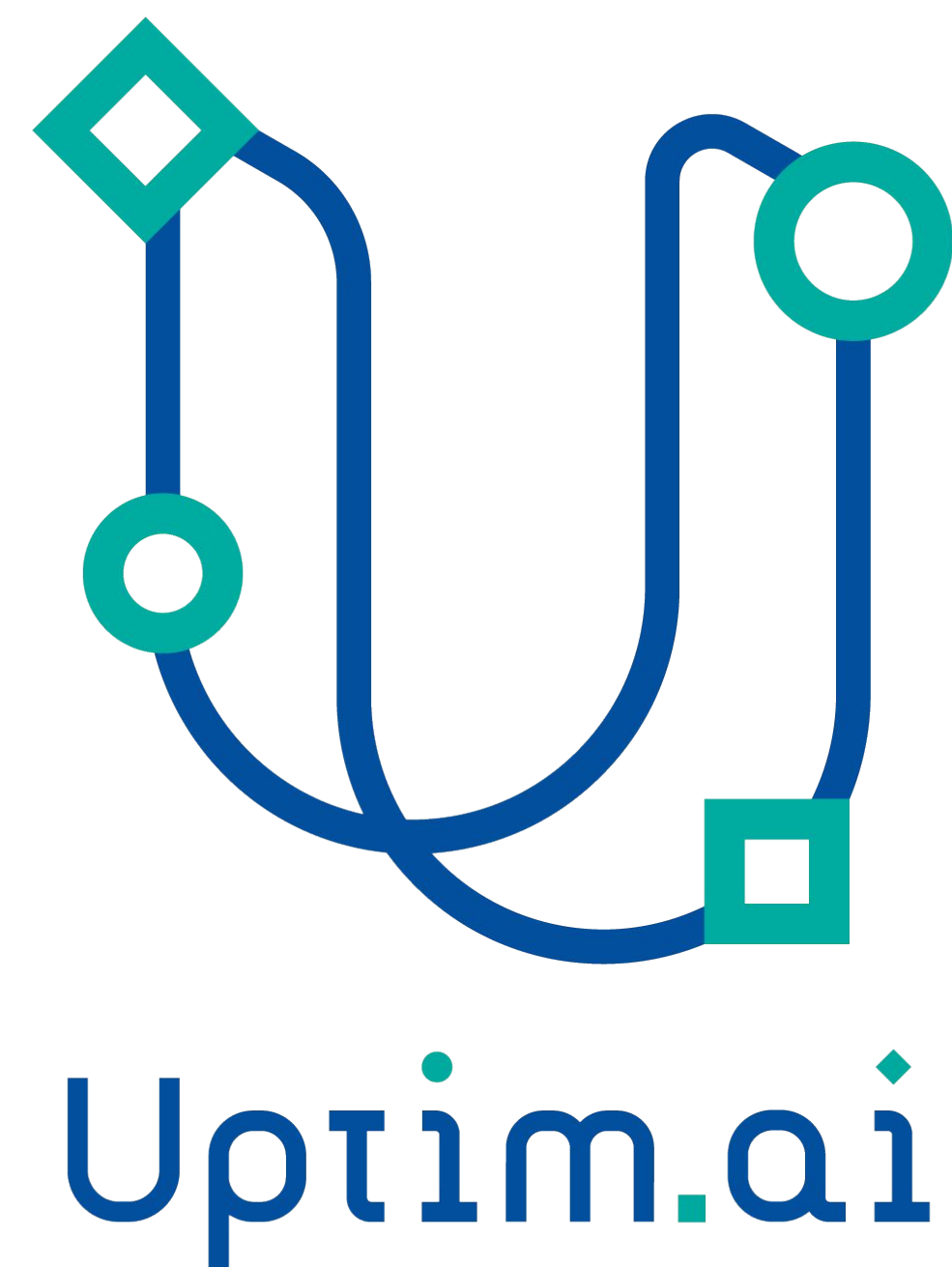




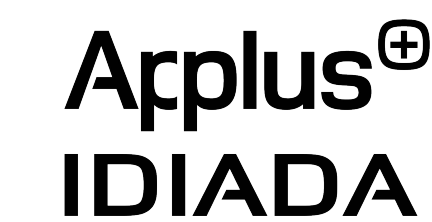
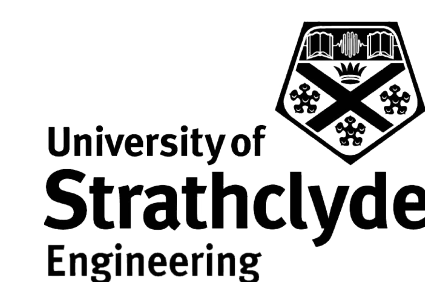
Empowering R&D with  
Data analysis,  
Statistical modelling,  
Optimization and  
Uncertainty Quantification

# Our story

How it all began



- Uptimai is a **state-of-the-art company for data** analysis, optimization, uncertainty quantification, smart design and data modelling.
- Our algorithm was **originally developed to estimate the impact area of space debris** and later adapted for use in general Computer-Aided Engineering
- ◆ Our approach combines advances in statistical modelling with elements of AI & Machine Learning

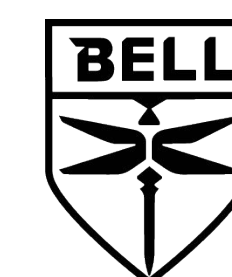
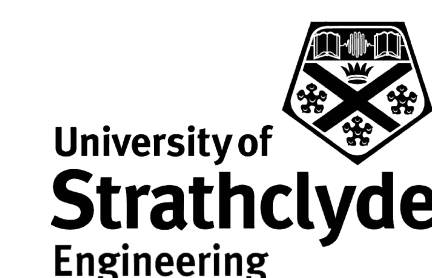


# Our tools

What we use to improve design and provide new know-how



- Our unique software for the propagation of uncertainty, statistics and data analysis
  - **New methods** for statistical insight
  - ◆ **Very efficient algorithms** for data analysis
- Our **vast amount of knowledge** in statistical methods, optimization, uncertainty quantification, surrogate modelling and **machine learning / AI**
- ◆ Our **experience** and background in aerospace & automotive engineering



# Projects we helped with

Using our knowledge and unique tool in other successful projects



**Landing ground distance shortened by up to 18%**



**Glide Ratio improved from 113 to 166**



**Reduced the average displacement of the payload by 2x**



**Noise source identification for only 19 simulations**



**Optimizing Force and Specific Impulse of a turbofan**



**Accurate digital twin of Sunload heating**



New software developments

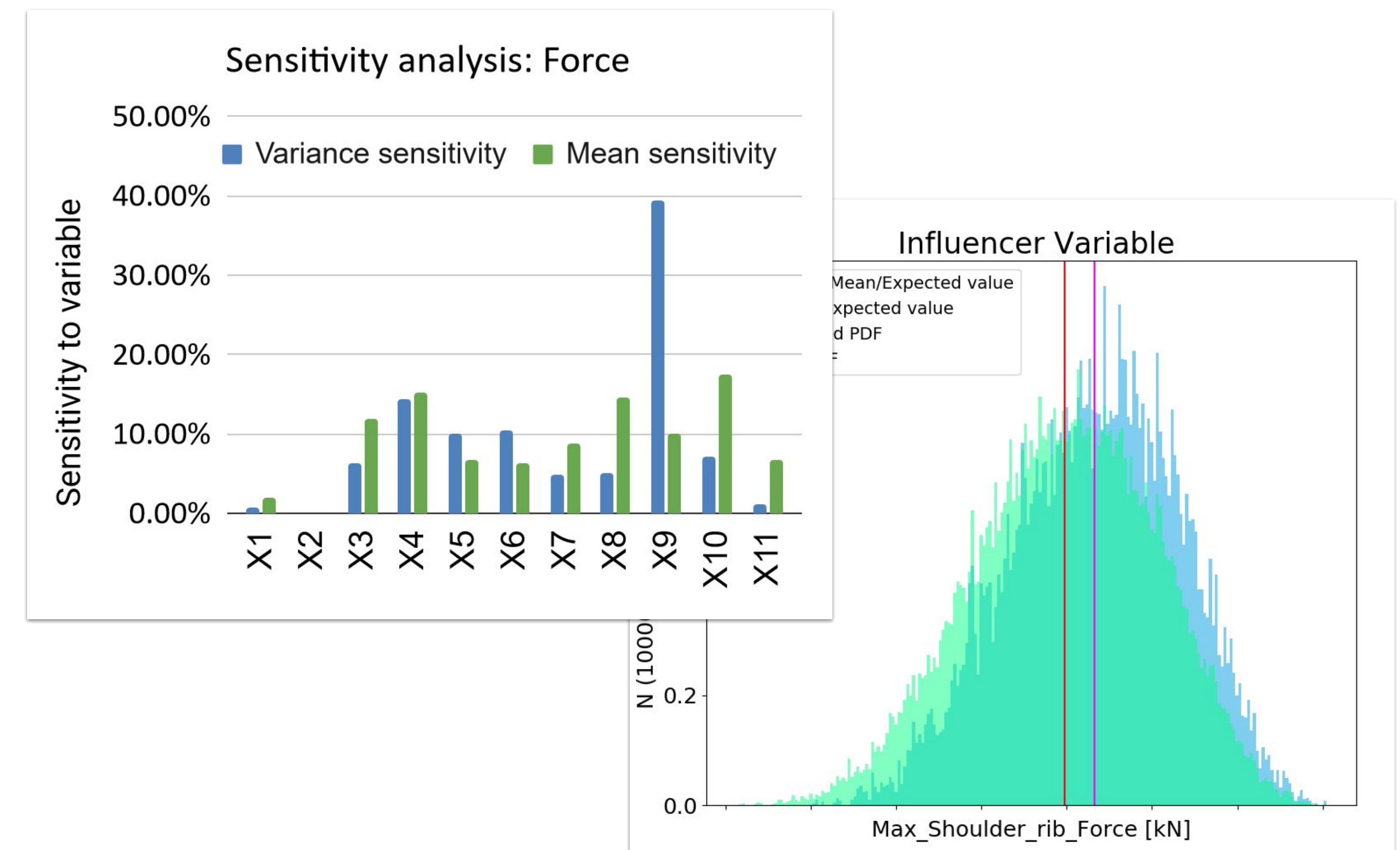
Uptim.ai

Our Unique Features

# Uptimai Platform

## Preliminary analysis

- Fast approach to **identify important parameters** (including correlations)
- Ideal for the initial stages of a project
- ◆ Visualizes **main statistical effects** from each input variable
- **Creates simple model for quick analysis**

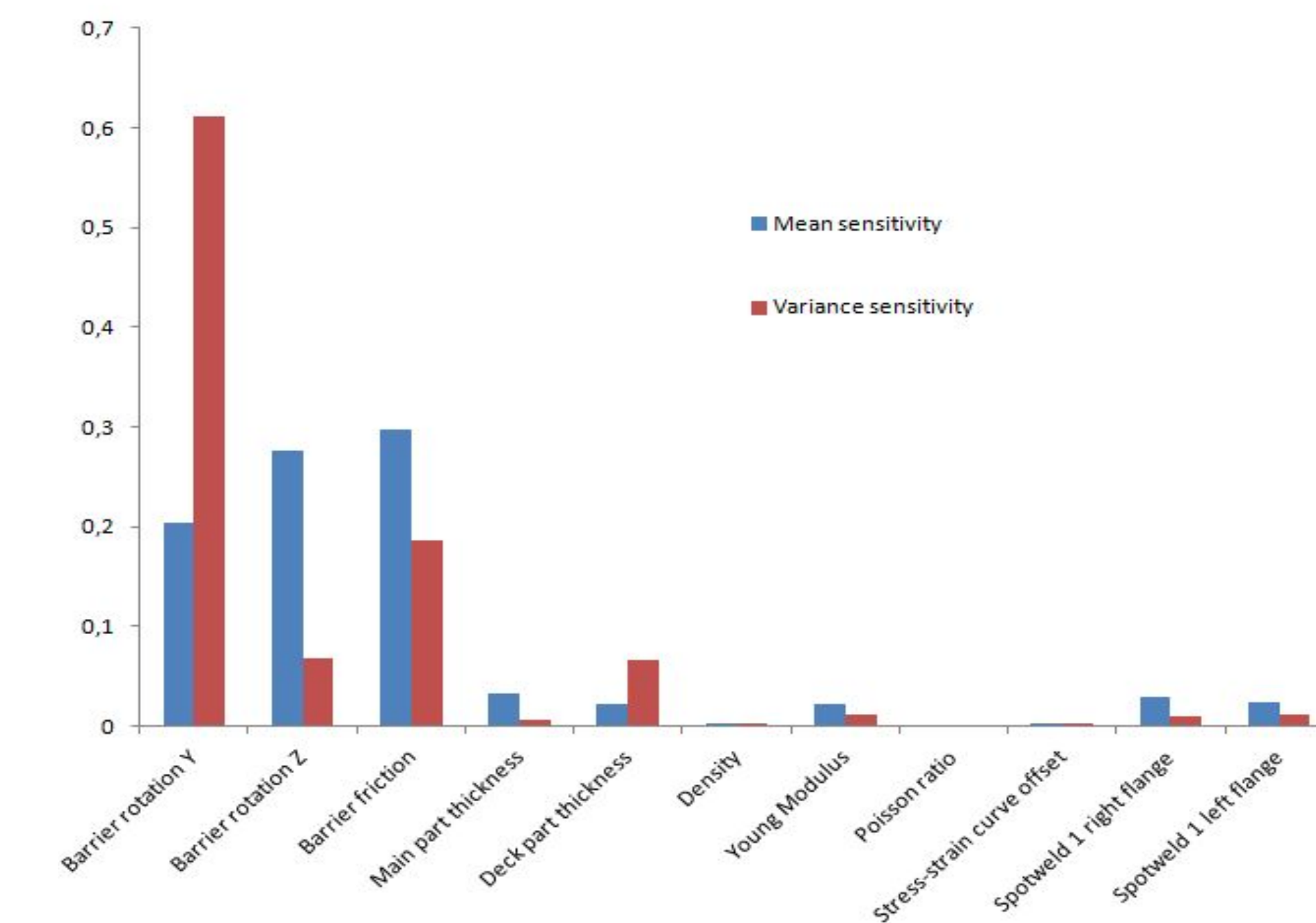
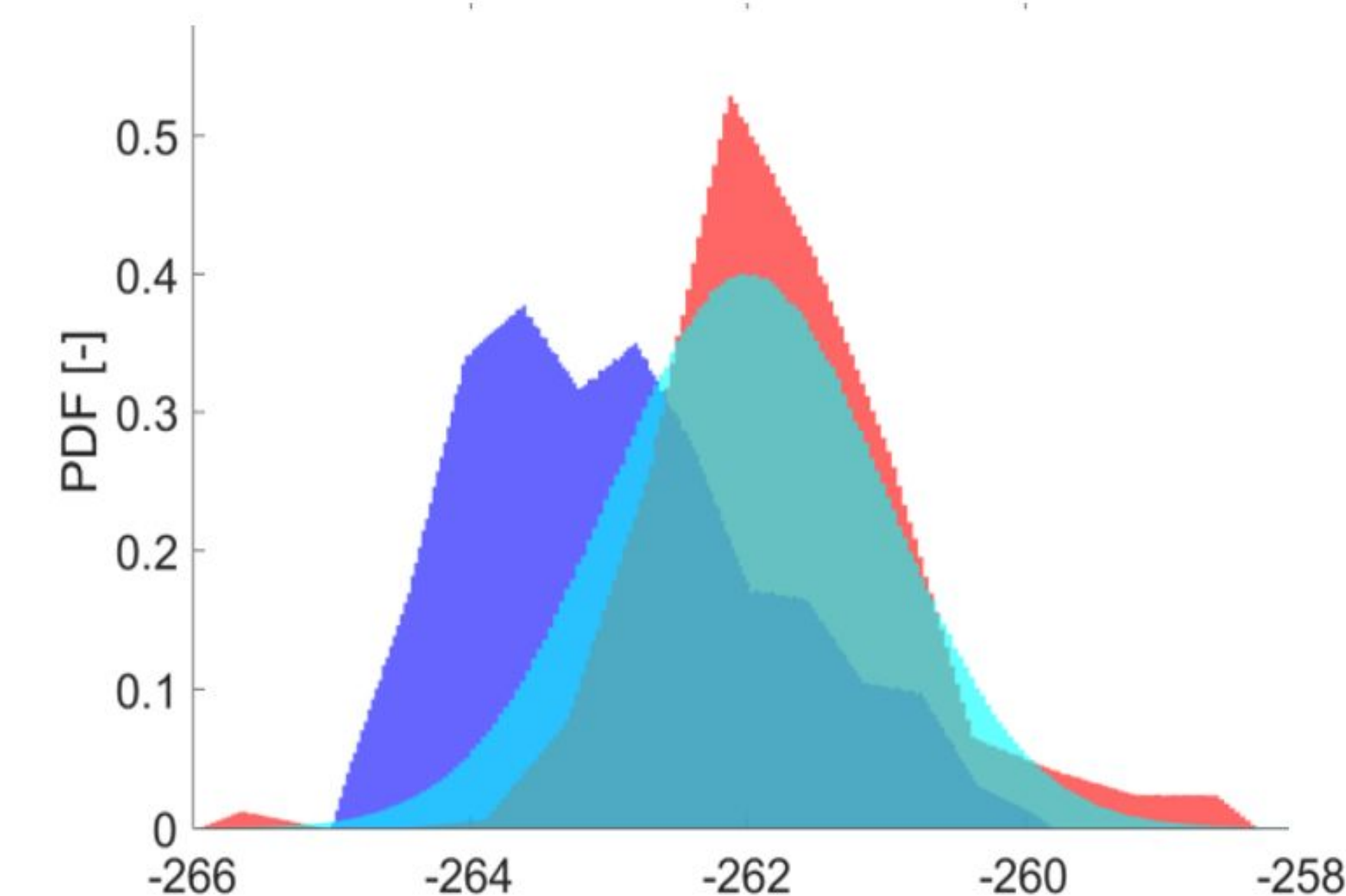
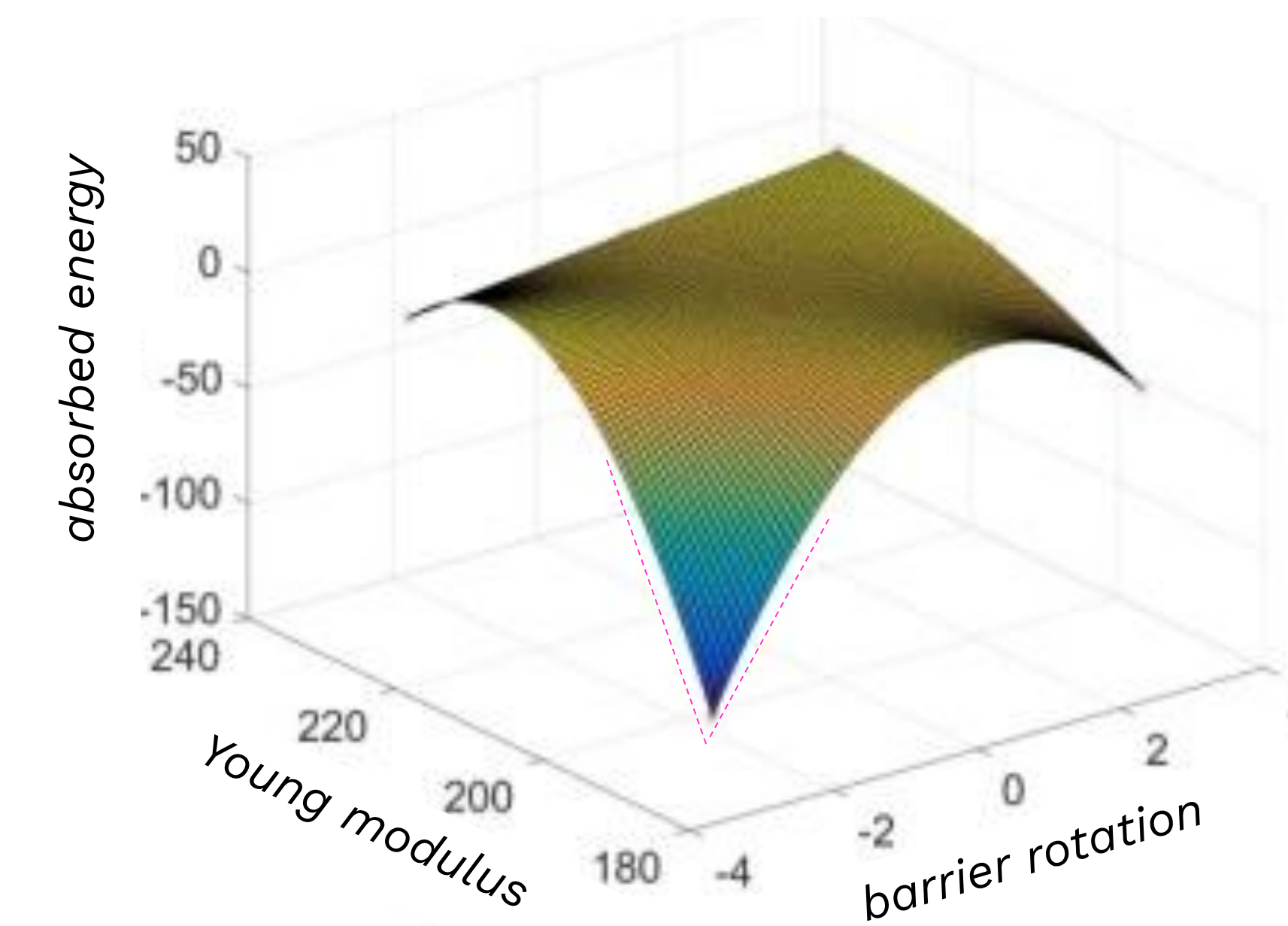


Based on the quick sensitivity analysis and the influencer, the user can decide how to reduce the design space

# Uptimai Platform

## Uncertainty Quantification - Surrogate Modelling

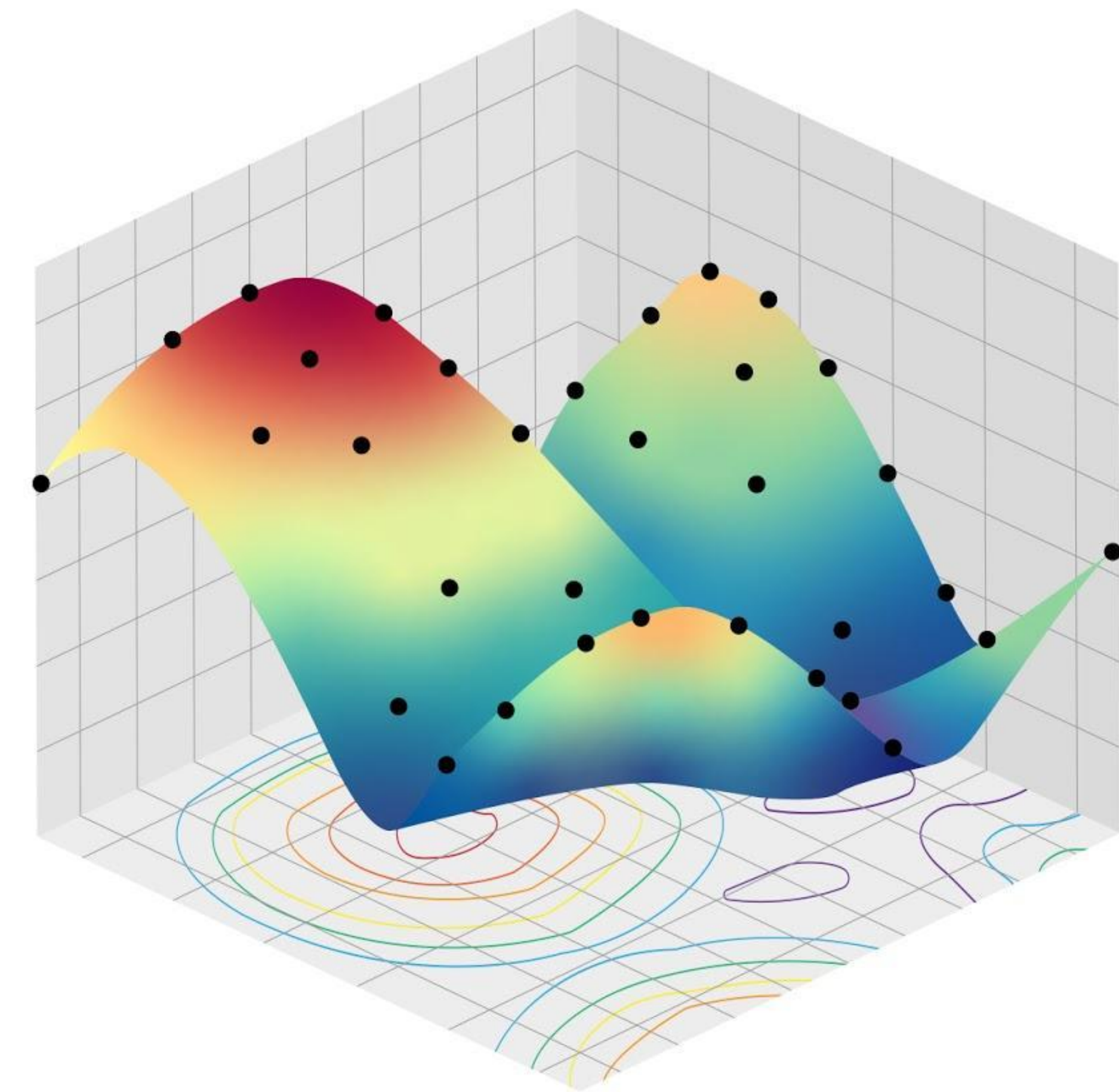
- Extended information than Preliminary Analysis
- Creation of accurate **Surrogate Model**, describing the physics behind the problem
- ◆ **Decoupling of the effects** for easier interpretation
- **Statistical tools** to help identify how uncertainties affect the solution



# Uptimai Platform

Data analysis

- Creation of **AI models from data** (measurements)
- Combined analysis of data and computer simulation, i.e. **rigorous model** and **data analysis**
- ◆ Focus on a **small dataset**
- The resulting AI model is studied in the same way as the model based on computations, e.g. optimization, uncertainty analysis etc...
- Can be used for **predictive MRO** (Maintenance Repair and Overhaul).

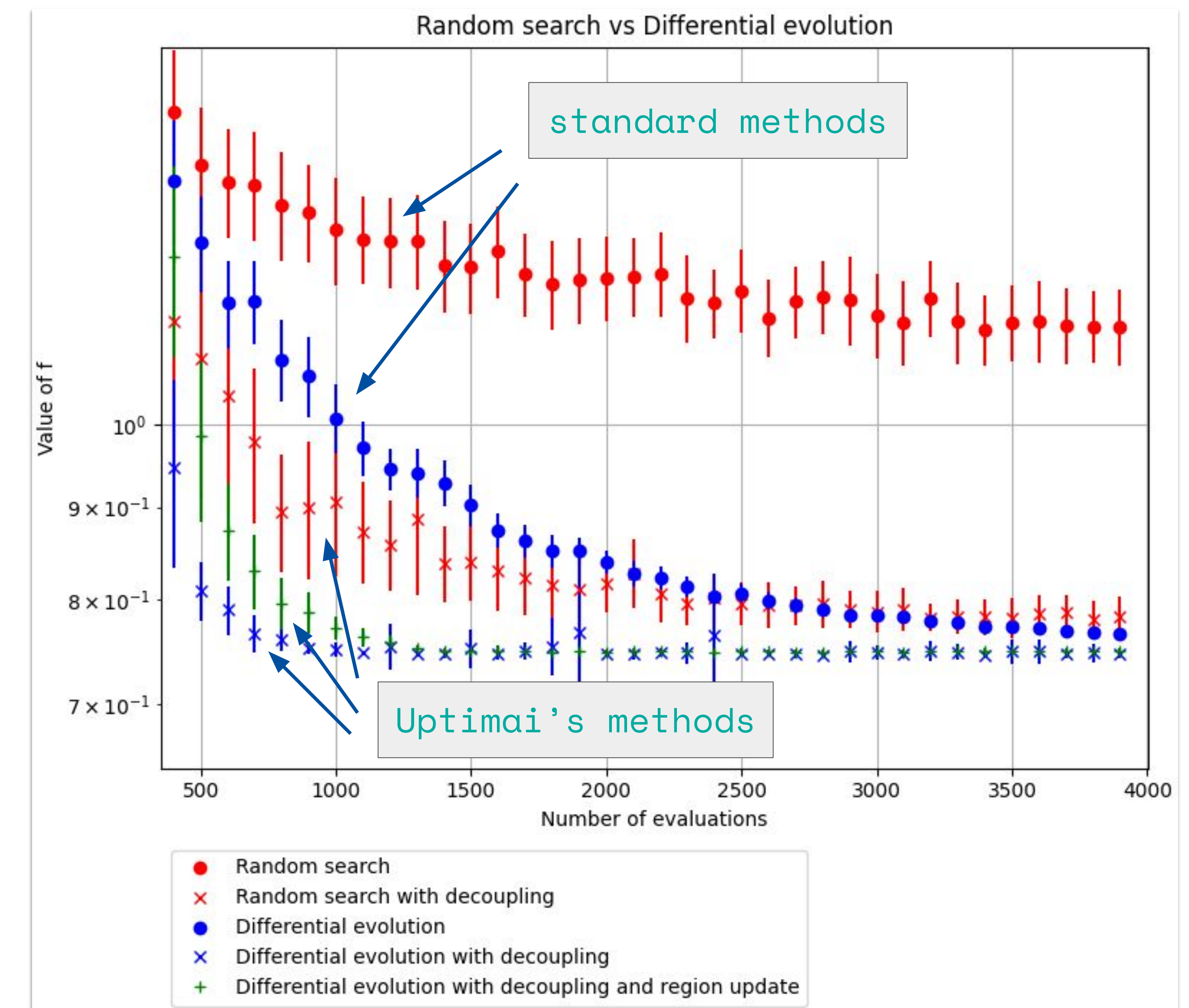




# Uptimai Platform

Fast optimization approaches

- Benefits from a combination of **statistical** and **direct optimization approaches**
- Suitable for both **single-** and **multi-disciplinary** problems
- ◆ Optimizations with constraints applied to **input variables** and **unobserved outputs**
- Custom optimization techniques with **increased effectiveness** and stability of standard optimization algorithms

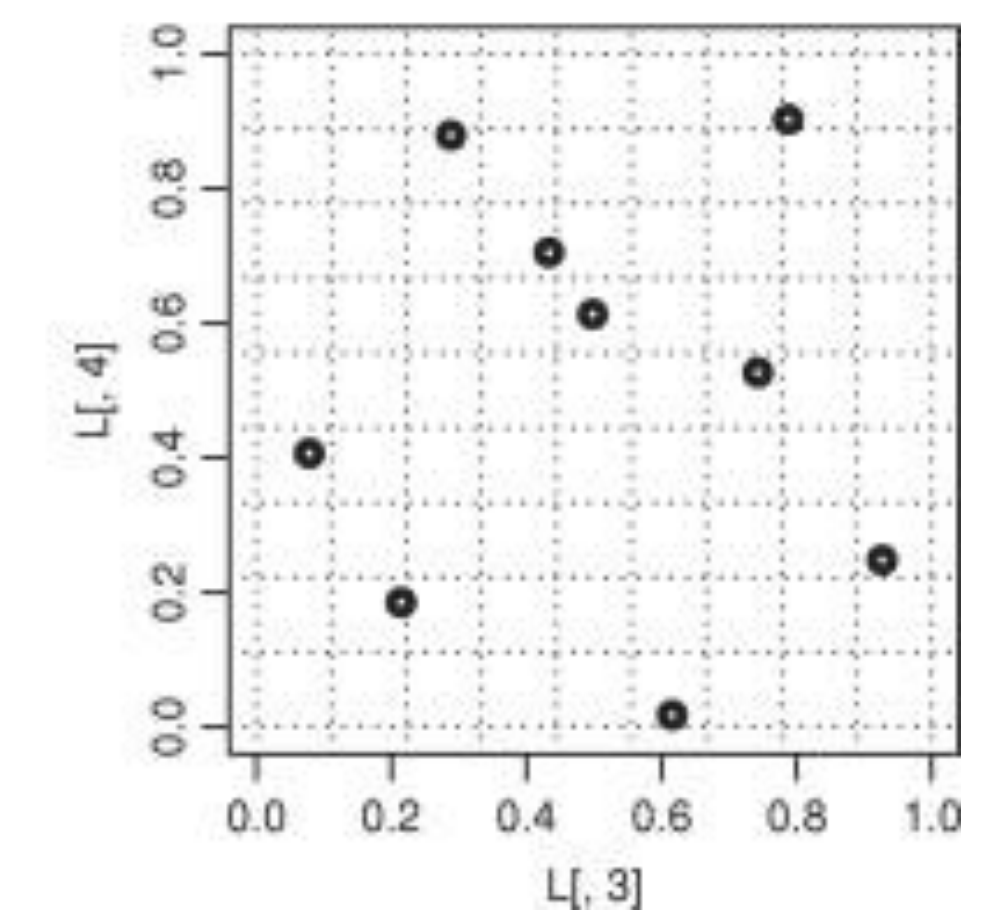
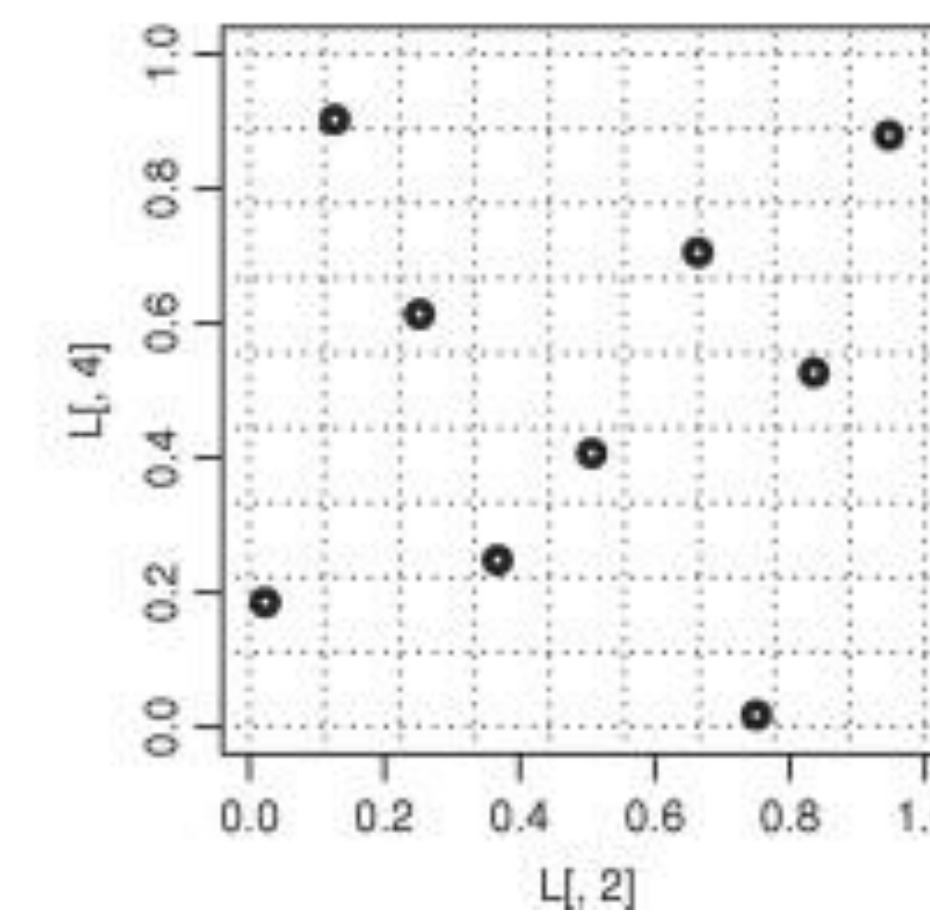
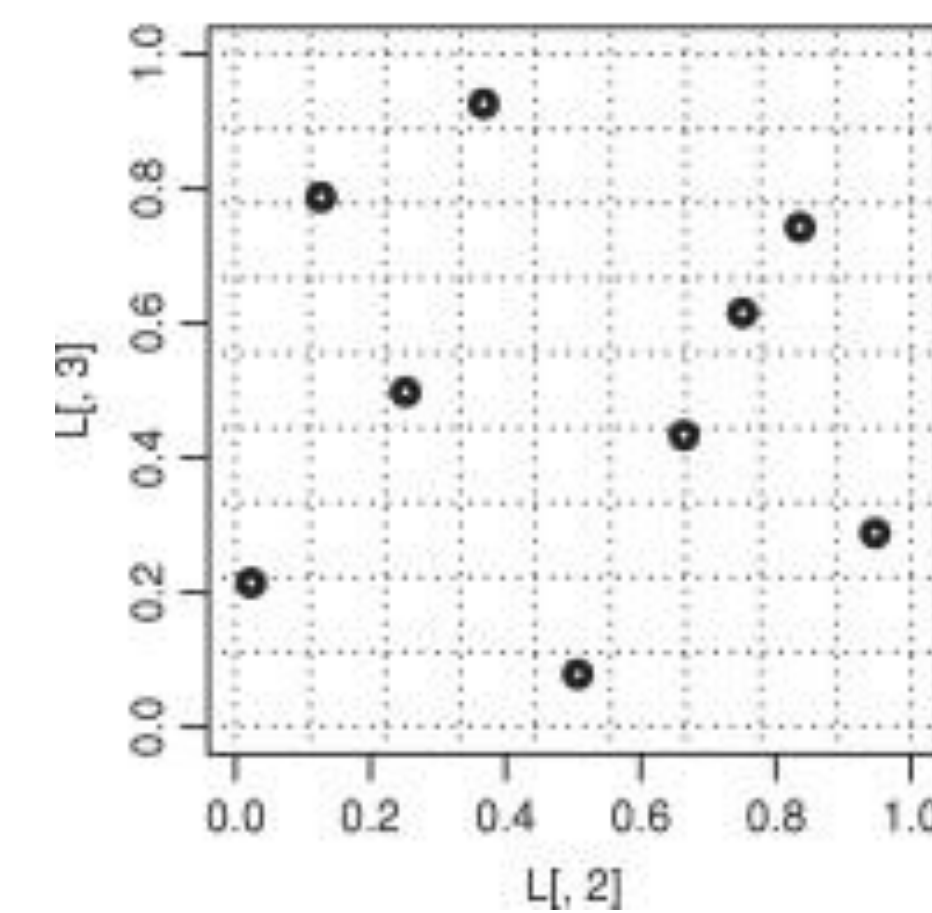
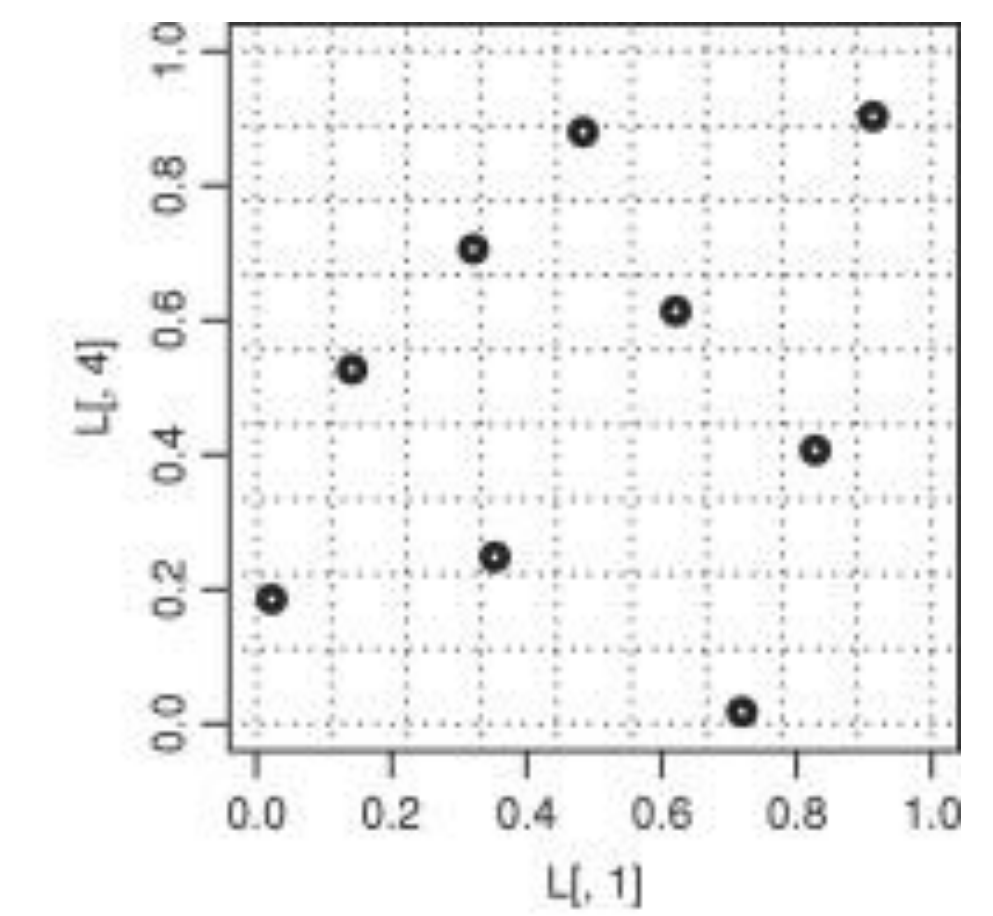
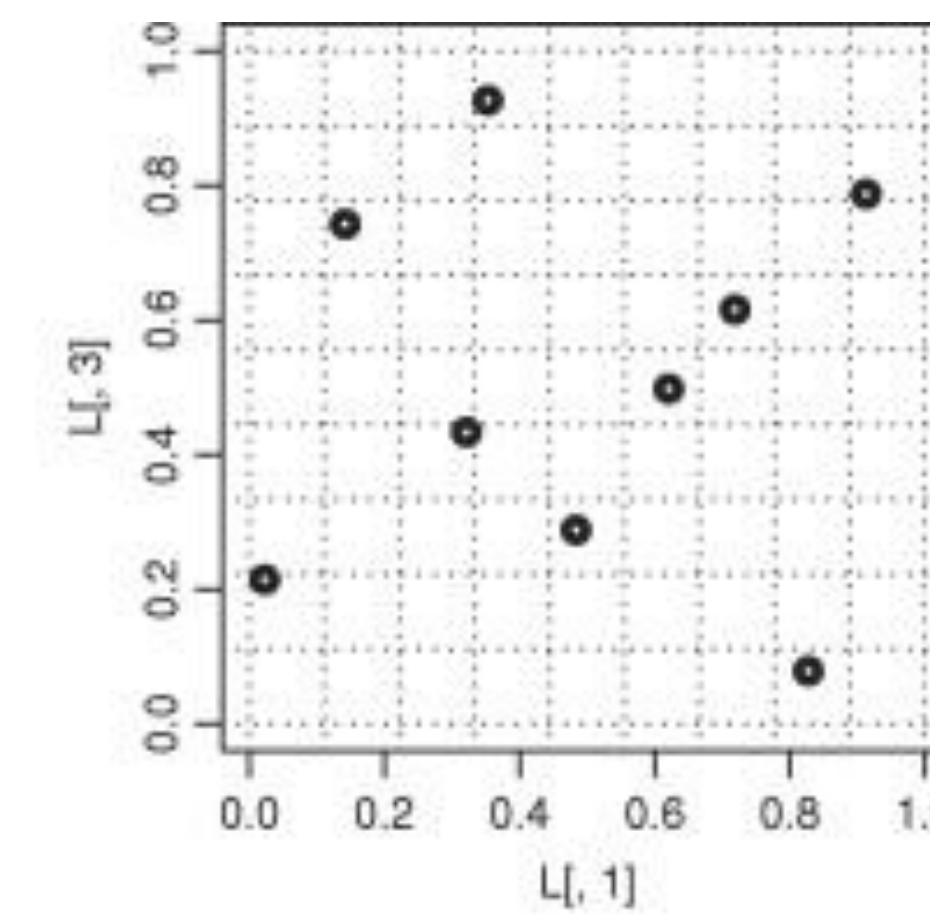
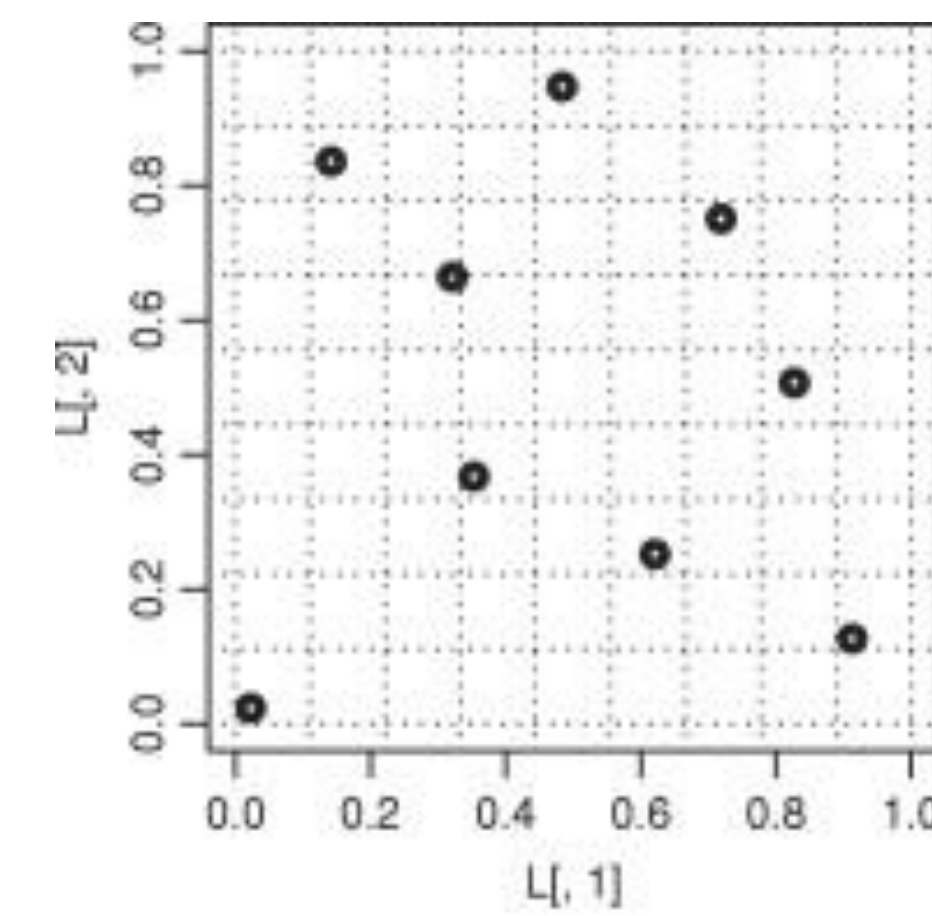


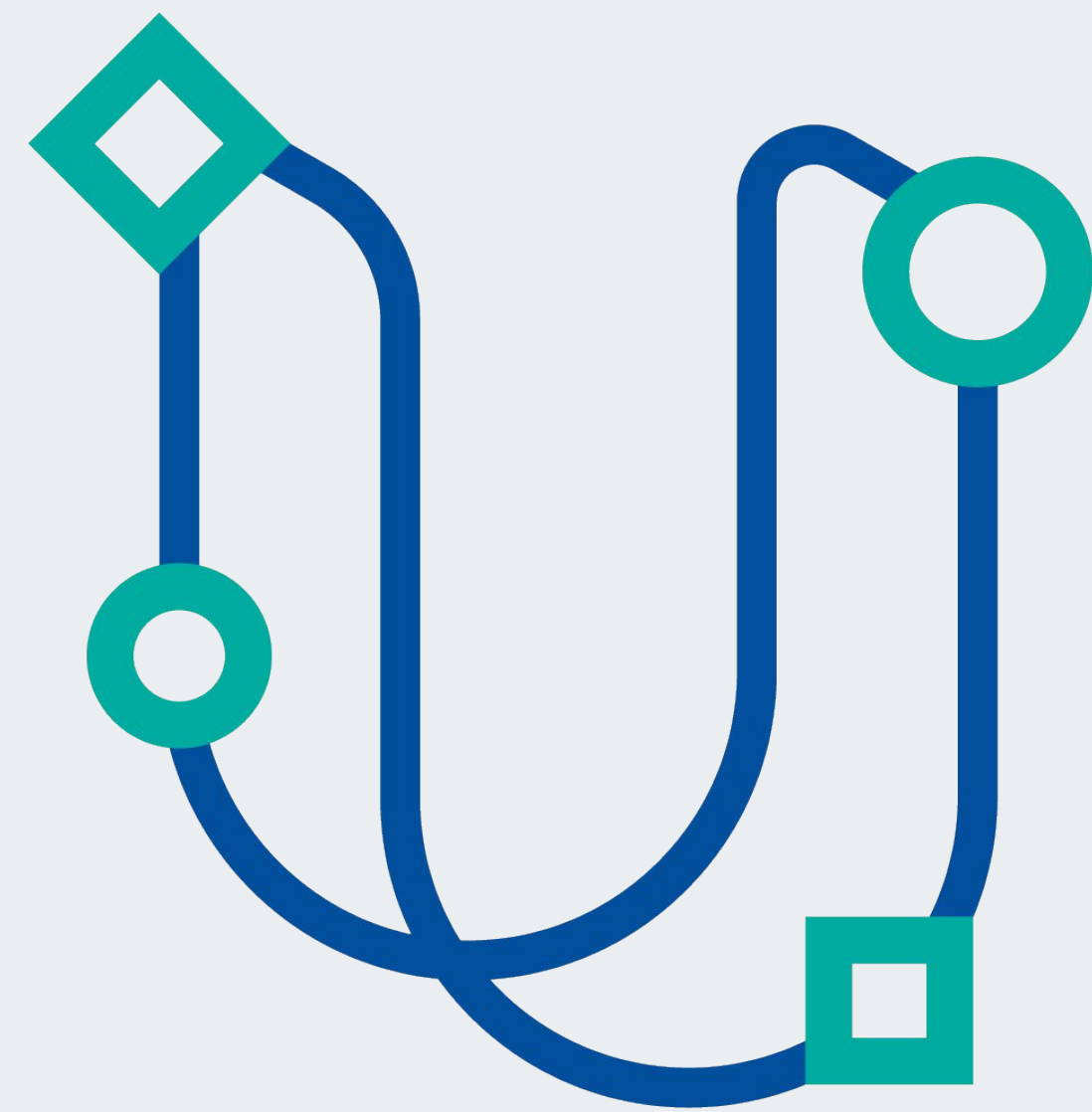
Comparison of optimization methods, testing function with 8 input variables

# Uptimai Platform

Design Of Experiments - standard engineering approach

- Designed to **satisfy simple engineering approach** to simply help to improve the design
- Sample the domain of interest to cover the domain in the most efficient way
- ◆ Can be **coupled with data-analyser** to provide a rigorous approach
- Automatically **takes into account already existing samples/measurements**





Case Study

Uptim.ai

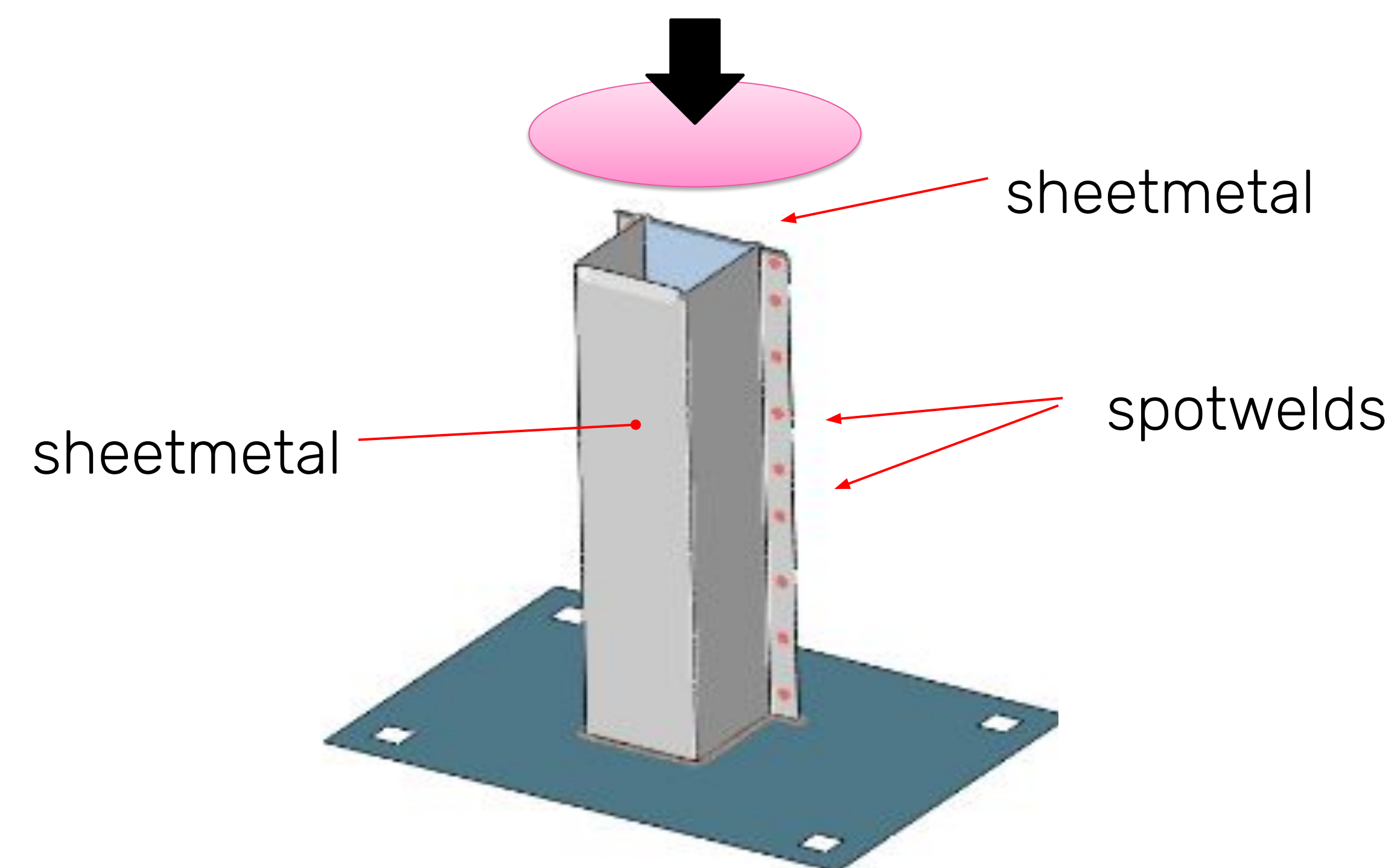
Example of our work

# Impact Energy of a Welded Beam

Project done with Škoda Auto

## Main Challenges

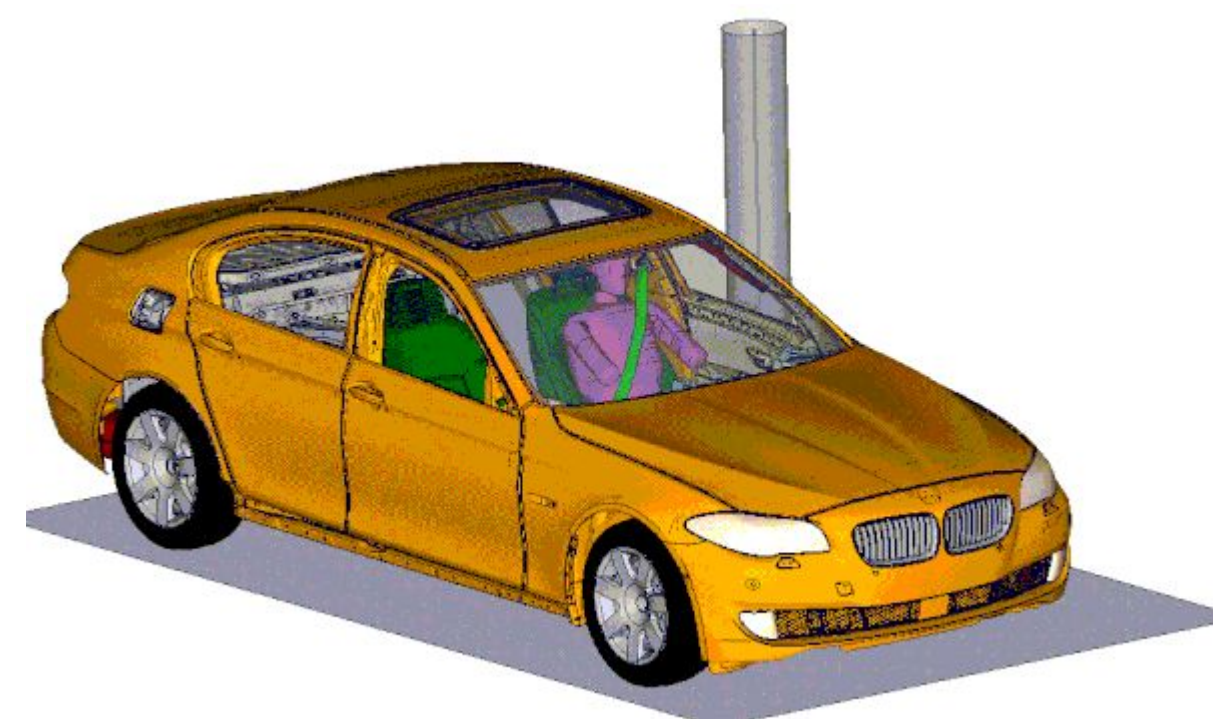
- Understand how simulation correlates with experiment
- How parameters influence the absorbed energy
- ◆ Optimize the absorbed energy
- Optimize the performance of the beam for different crash conditions



# Our approach: On site approach

Connecting our solution directly to customer needs

1



We directly connected our software with in-side PAM-crash

2



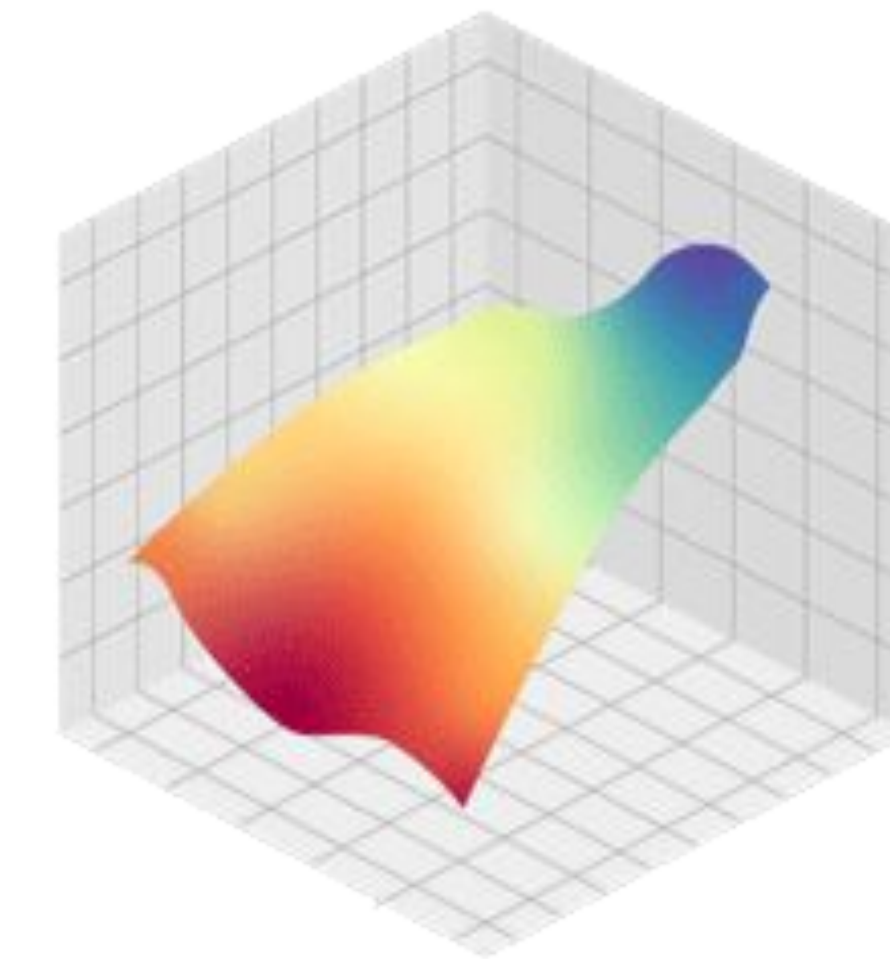
Skoda engineers provided ranges for each parameter

3

```
1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1  
0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0  
1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1  
0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0  
1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1  
0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0
```

Uptimai ML Algorithm Effectively build an accurate model

4

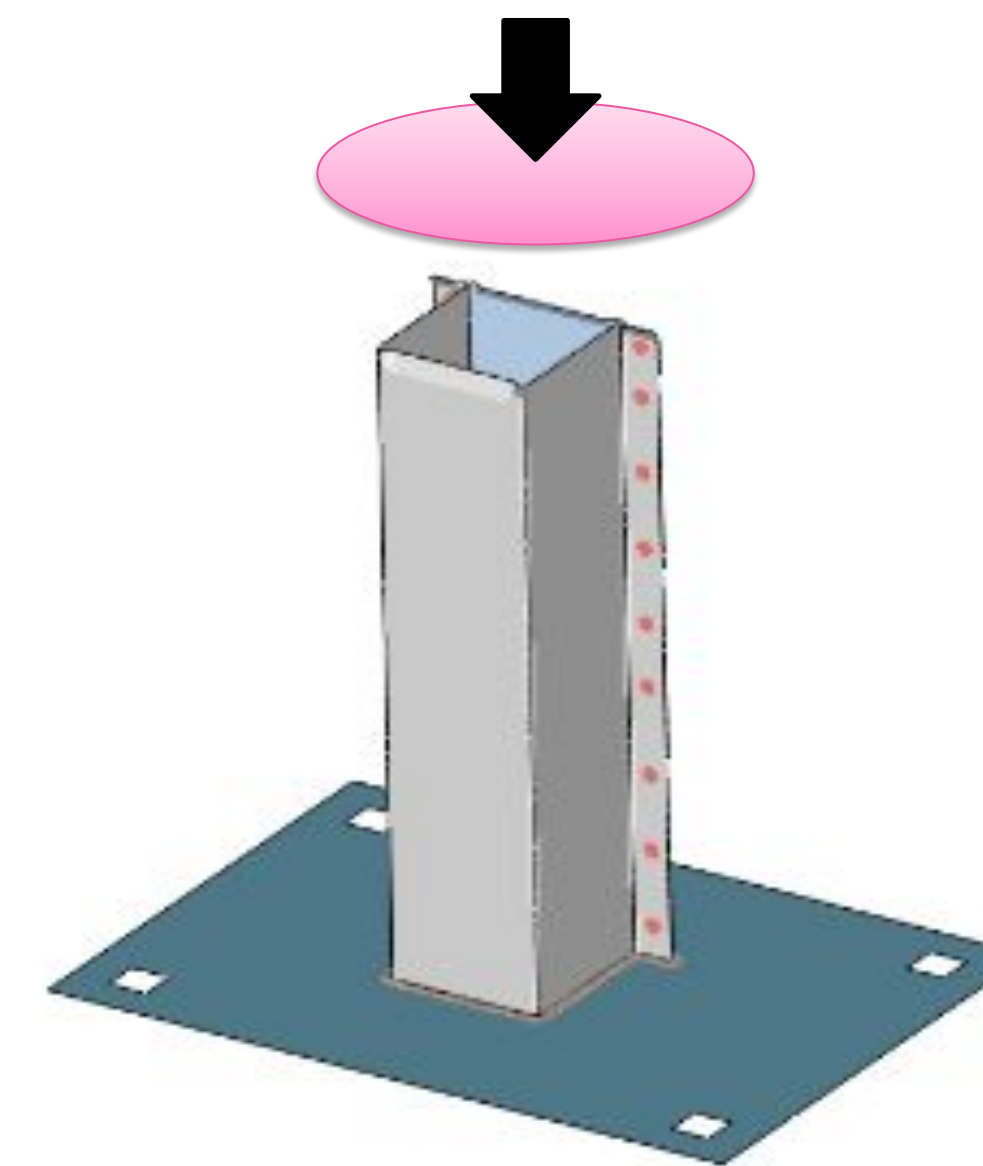
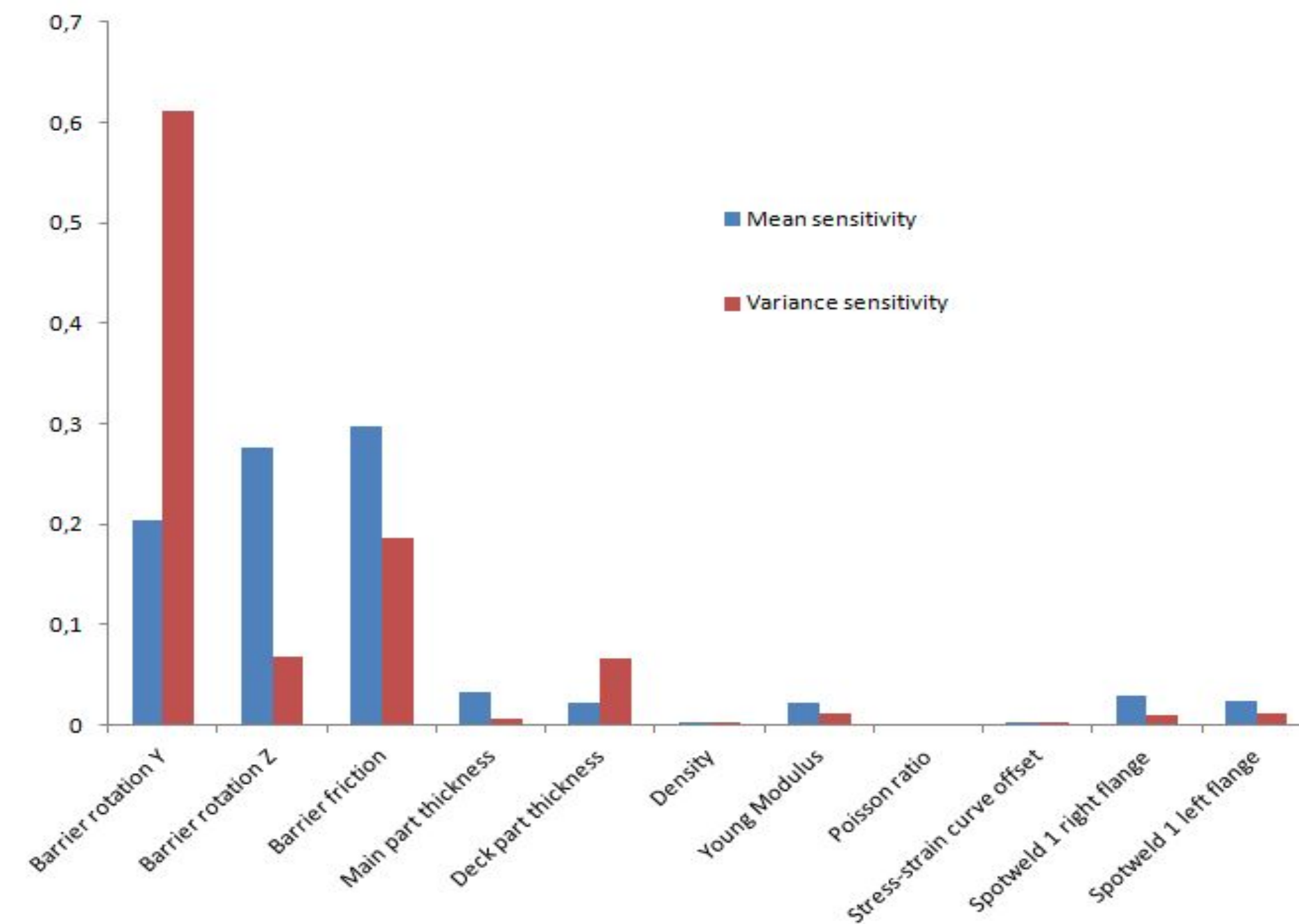


We provided a report with high-added value

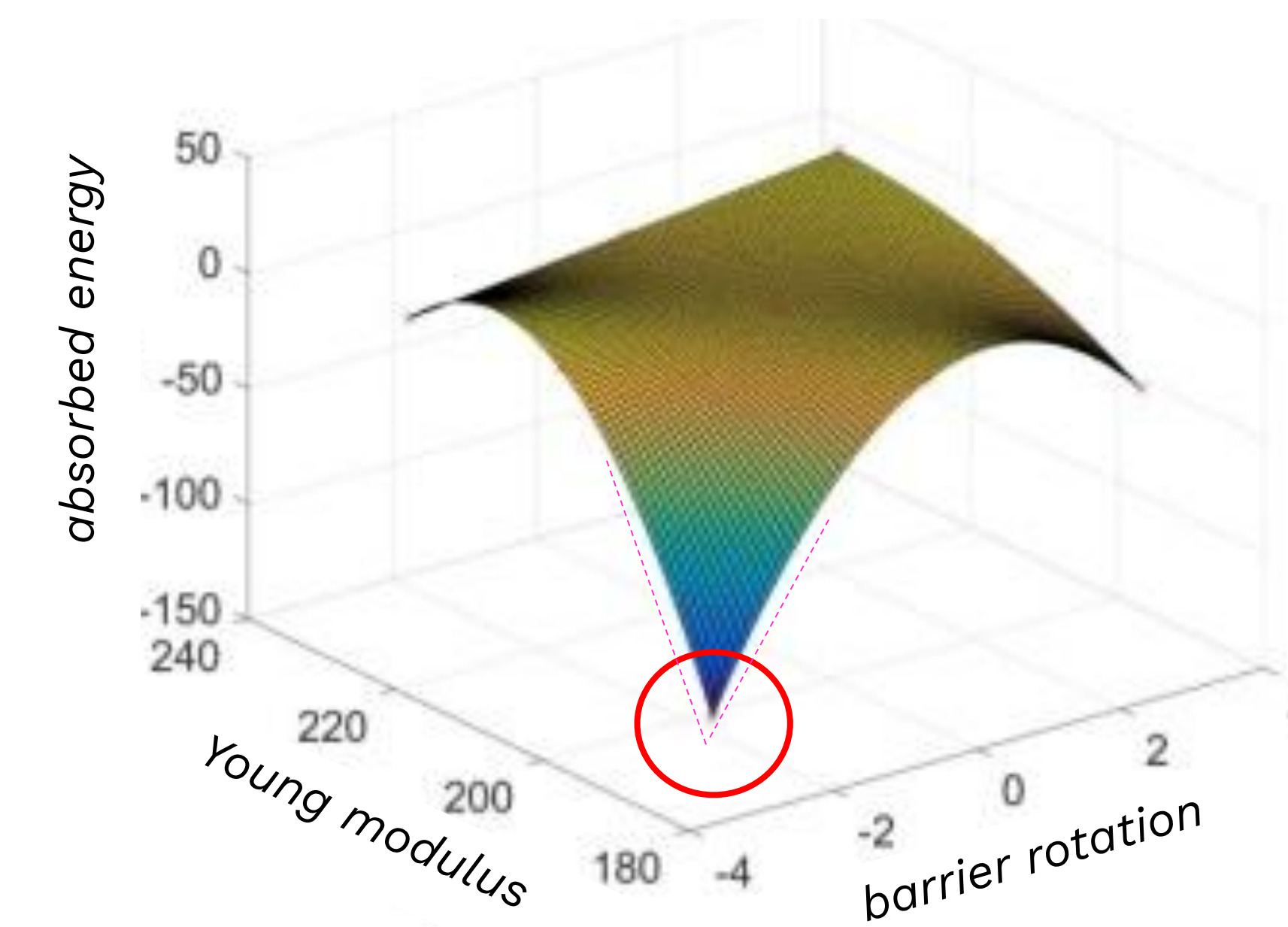
# Welded Beam: our tools

Understand the ability of inputs to affect the designed product

**Barrier rotations have the major impact on overall result**



**Young modulus of material must be above 200 GPa**



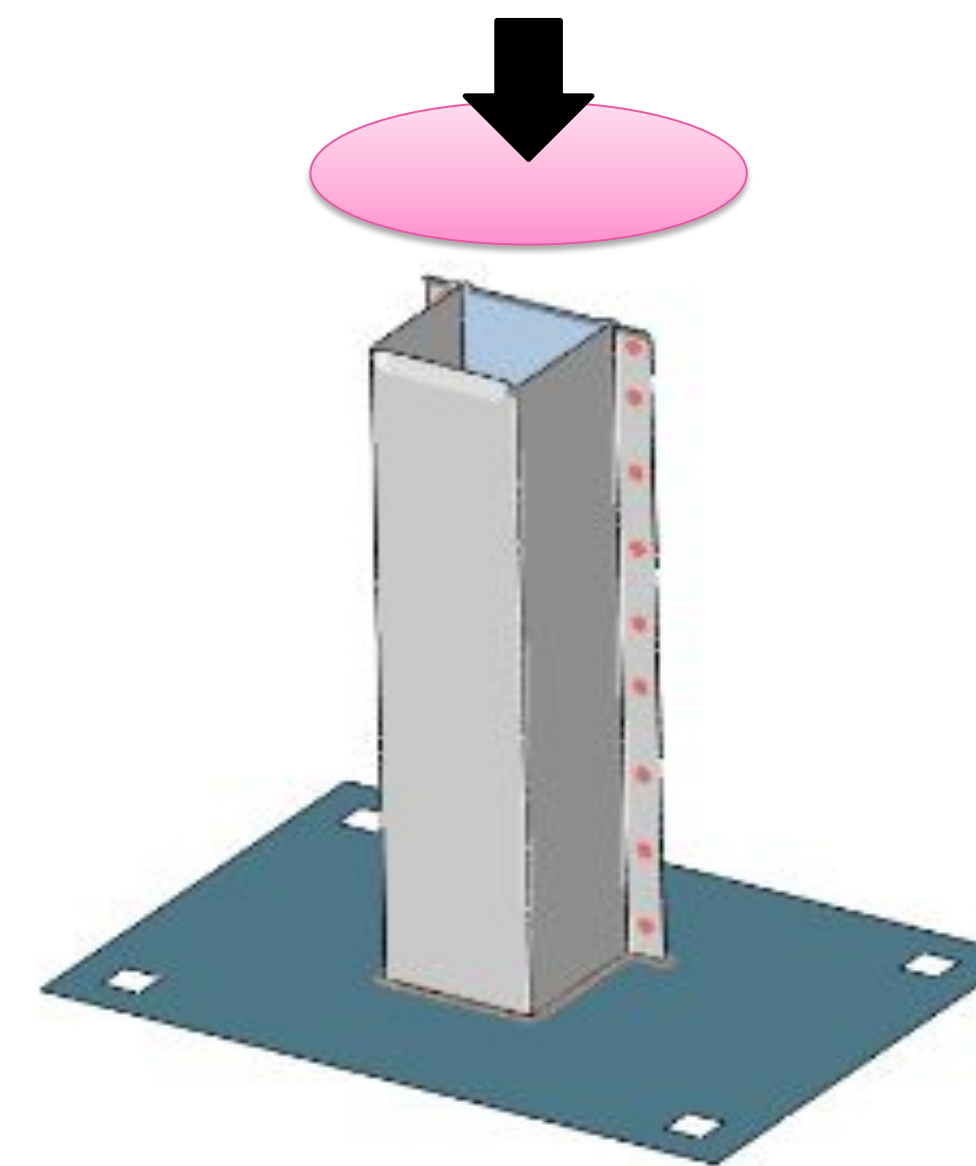
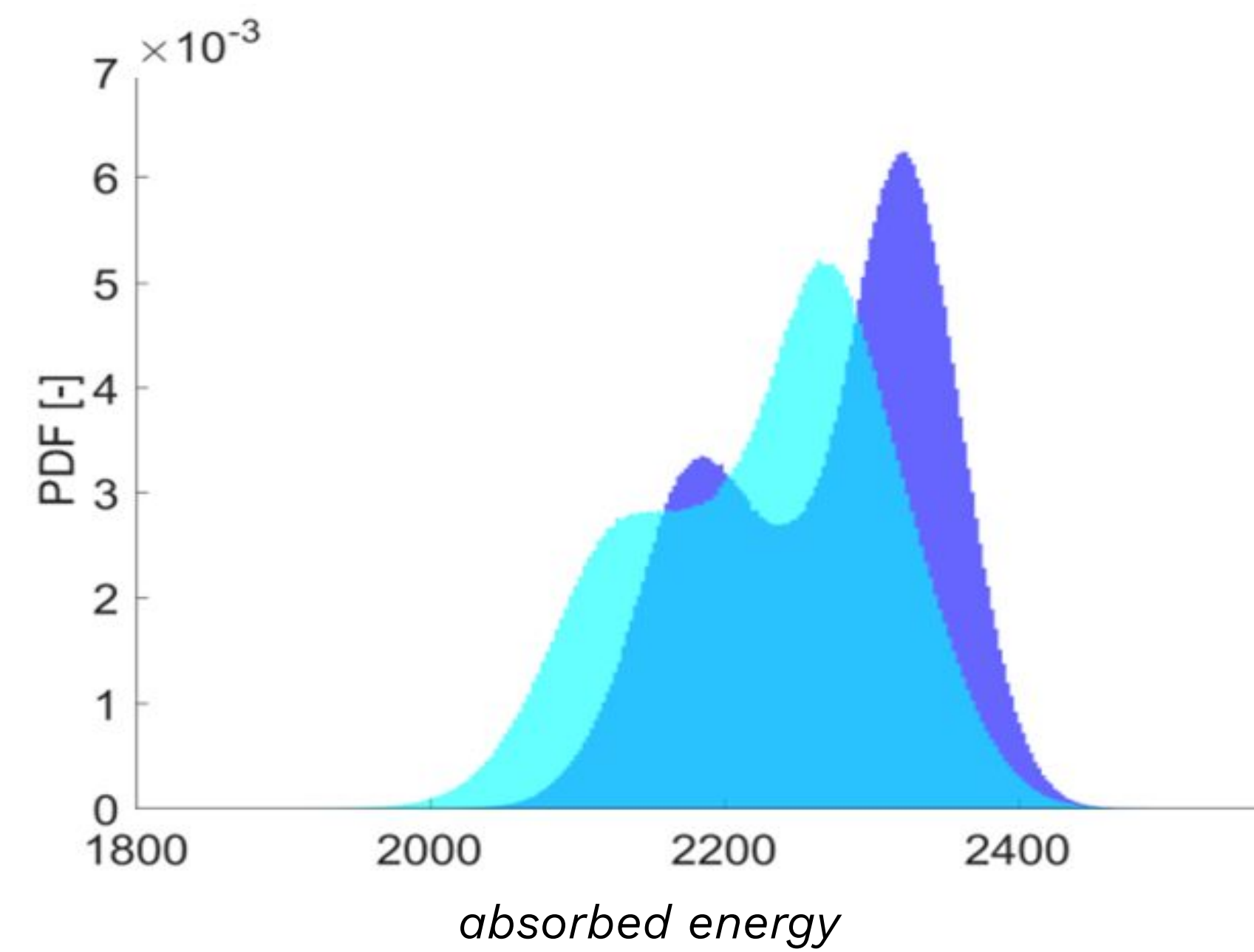
Barrier rotation cannot be tackled alone but has to consider in combination with other interacting variables. Interaction with other variables play a significant role in the absorbed energy

Combination of barrier rotation and material characteristics is a cause of unwanted extremities. Ensuring high young's modulus lead to high absorbed energy

# Welded Beam: our tools

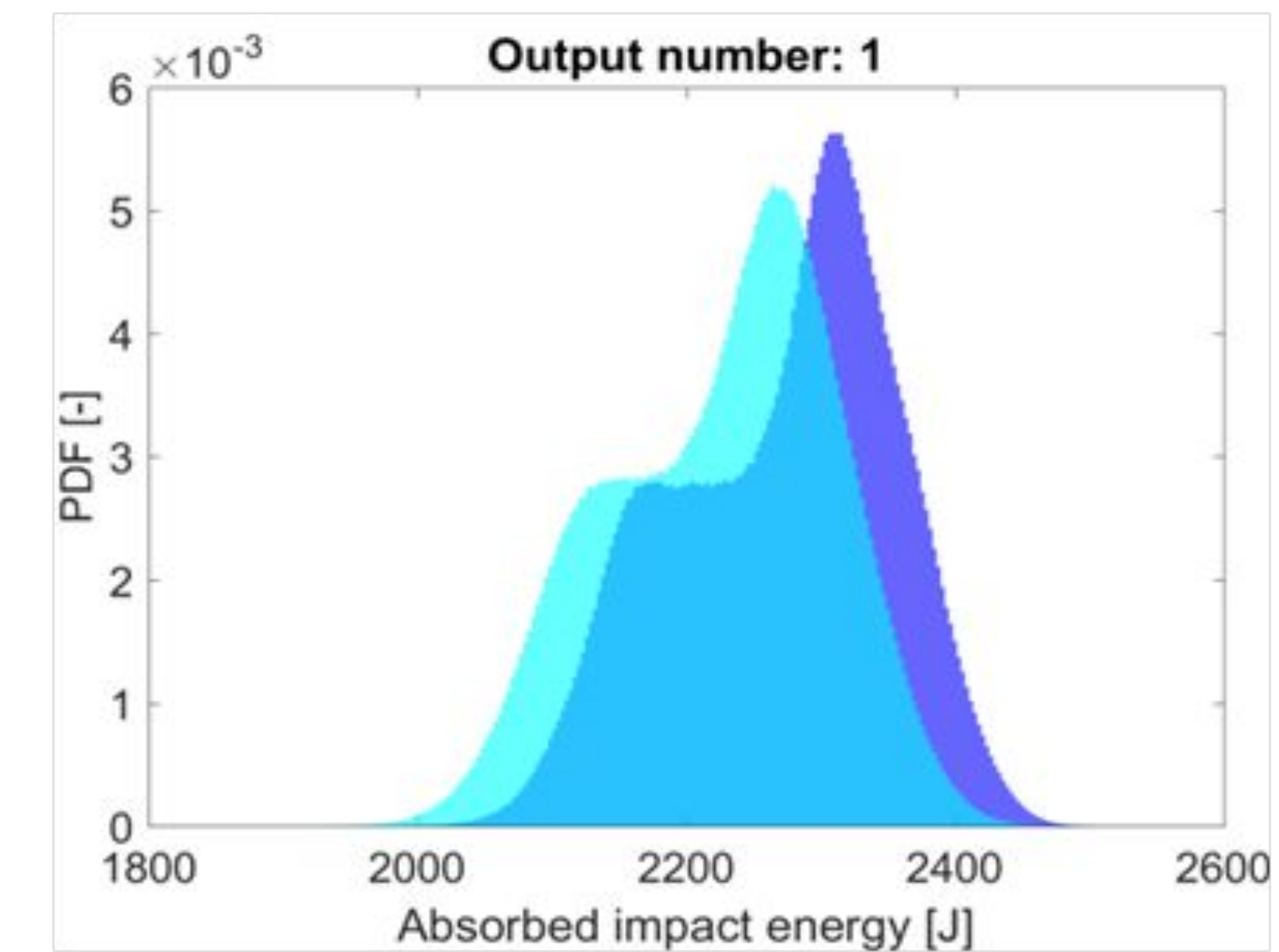
See how each input influences the product performance

## Barrier friction can improve the worst-case scenario



Barrier friction is influencing the mode of collapse. We suggested further investigate the friction between the beam and impactor

## Adjusting spot weld positions leads to overall improvement

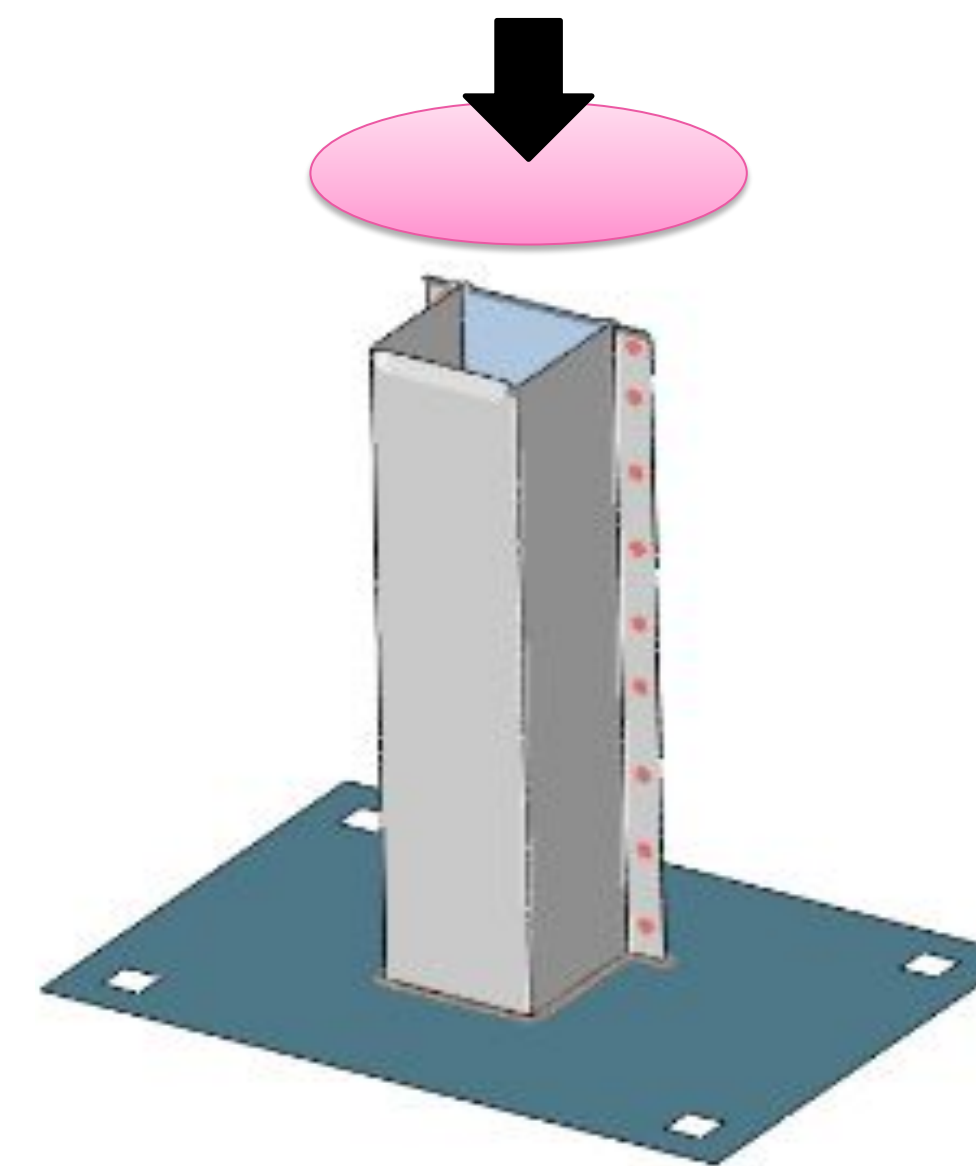
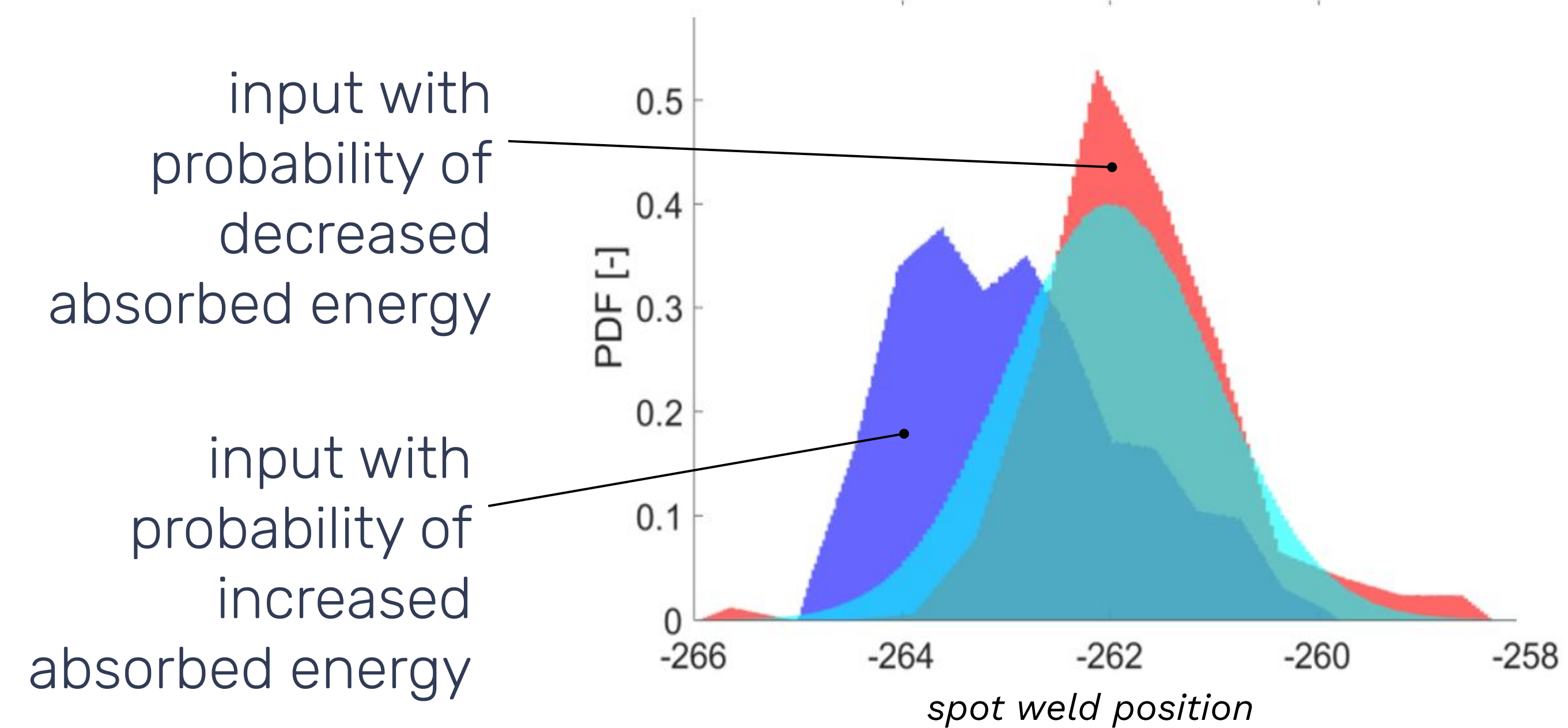


Spotwelds positions can improve the absorbed energy. The smart positioning of the spot welds can lead to significant improvement in the absorbed energy

# Welded Beam: our tools

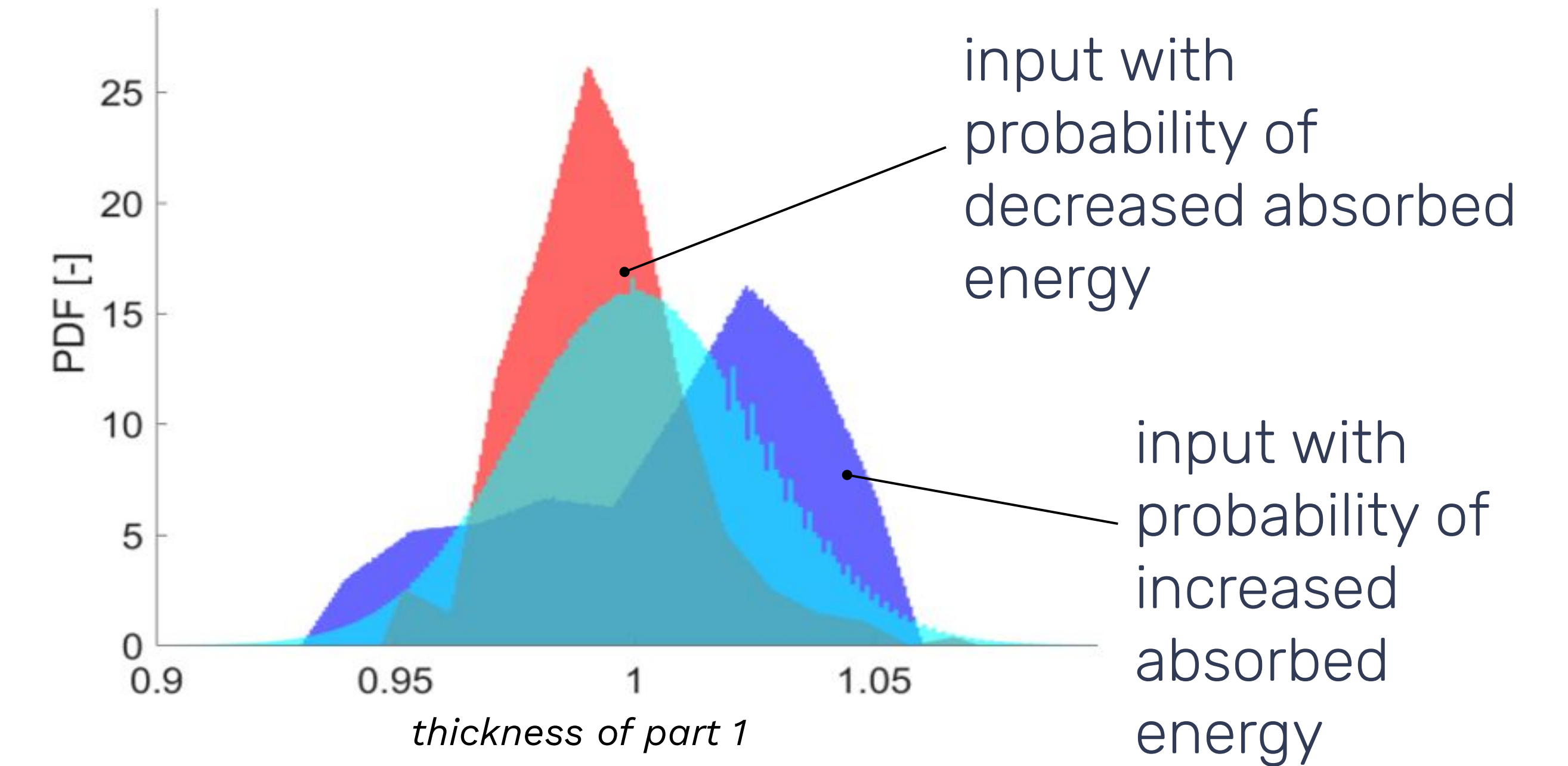
Find ranges of inputs leading to an increase in the performance

## Spot weld positions must be non-equidistant



The probability of higher absorbed energy is driven by non-equidistant weld positions. This lead to a driven collapse of the beam and reduced variance in the absorbed energy

## Parts must have different thickness



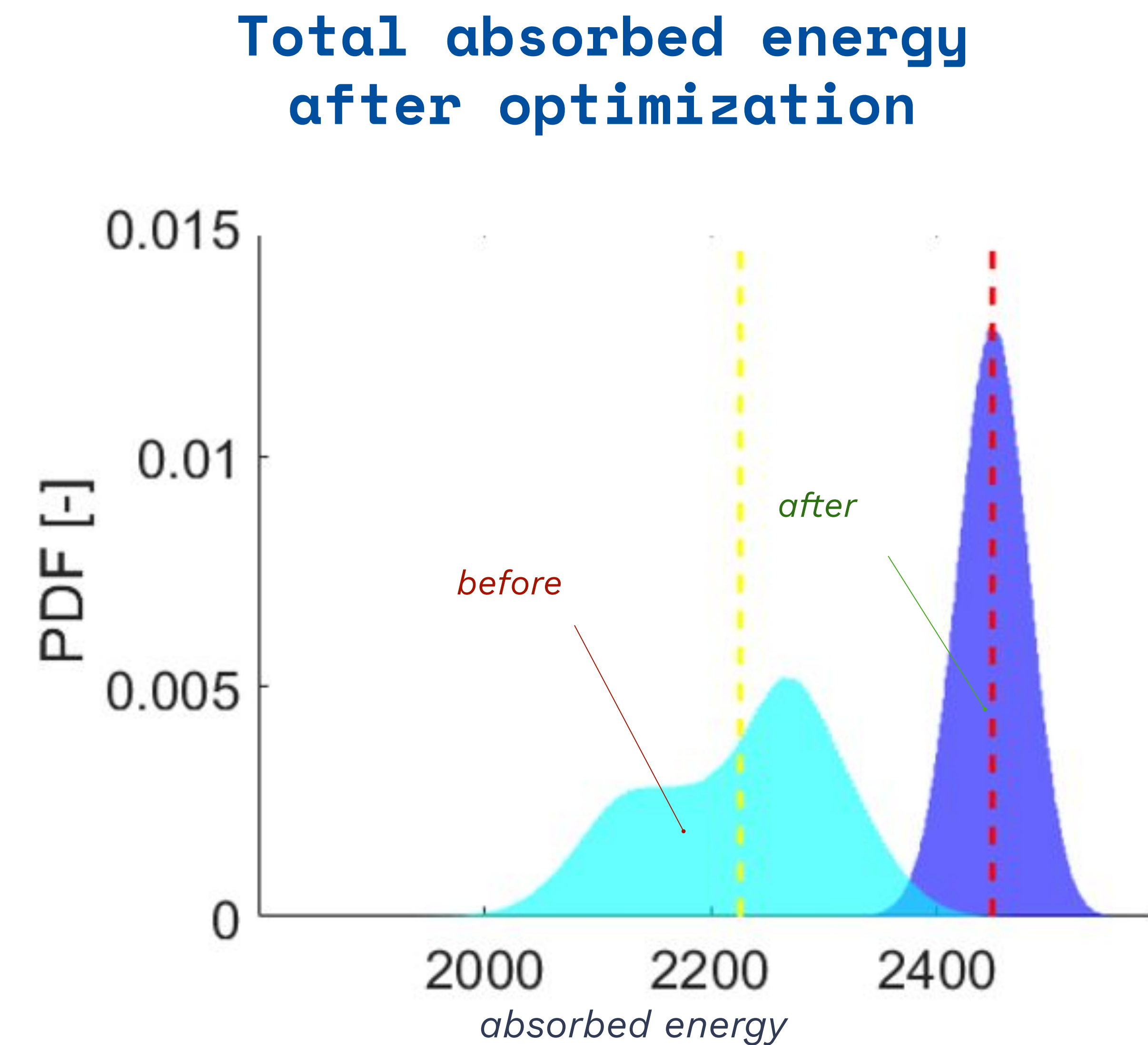
Different thickness for each part leads to higher absorbed energy due to driven collapse. Moreover, changing thickness leads to a reduction in overall weight -> non-measured characteristics



# Welded Beam: Results

The absorbed impact energy of optimized geometries increased by 10% on average

- Absorbed impact energy increased by 10%
- The range of results decreased by 63%
- ◆ Fast development time  
(280 calculations instead of 4060)



# Case of a Welded Beam: Benefits

Provided several non-standard benefits and ideas

- Understanding which parameters and their interactions are the key players – Directed focus
- Understanding behavior of important parameters – a deeper insight
- ◆ Optimized behavior under various conditions – Statistically stable impact behavior
- ◆ Enhanced optimization – understanding how un-observed conditions can be improved

**BONUS:** They can play with our **AI model** to further understand how to improve the beam problem.



# UptimAI

Your newest tool for robust design and smart optimization



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